

# Newham Community Safety Partnership Plan 2019



# **Newham Community Safety Partnership Plan 2019 - 2022**

## **1) Chair's foreword**

We are pleased to present the Newham Community Safety Partnership plan 2019 -2022. There have been many changes to the political and community safety landscape since the last Community Safety Partnership plan of 2016/17.

The change in administration with a new Mayor in Newham in 2018, led to the establishment of Newham's first ever Youth Safety Board. The creation of a joint Borough Command Unit (BCU) with Waltham Forest has resulted in joined up working between police across boroughs and the monitoring of larger areas. The launch of Mayor of London's Police and Crime Plan in 2017 has meant that local Community safety plans are now aligned to the new MOPAC priorities.

Recent incidence and media attention on violent, knife and gun crime, acid attacks and county lines has shown that it is not a Newham only problem but one that is more widespread and needs a more joined up and whole systems approach.

Our aim is to ensure that Newham is a safe place for everyone, young and old. We want to reduce the fear of crime and bring communities together. To do this, we need to work together as a partnership, and the CSP brings together partners in the council, police, probation, health and fire services.

The CSP plan 2019 -2022 and annual action plan sets out the actions of the partnership. Our plan not only captures and addresses the priorities identified through the strategic assessment and corporate /mayoral priorities but also the real concerns of the people of Newham.

Recent citizen assemblies showed that community safety, ASB, drug taking drug dealing and police presence were considered top priorities amongst the residents of Newham.

We are strongly committed to working with our local communities to ensure we support and protect our communities and the vulnerable, so that Newham is a safer place for everyone.

The current economic climate means we are faced with improving community safety but with reduced resources. We face significant challenges as we move forward, however, we know with the commitment of all partners on the CSP and the wider community, we can work together to tackle the issues that really matter to our local community.

Councillor James Beckles

Cabinet Member for Crime and Community Safety

Detective Superintendent Ian Bowles – Metropolitan Police

Chair of Newham Community Safety Partnership Board

## **Introduction**

### **Purpose of the CSP and plan**

The Community Safety Partnership is a statutory body that works to reduce crime, reoffending, and anti-social behaviour and support a safer borough. The partnership includes the local council, police, and probation, health and fire services. A partnership approach is essential to improving community safety because the drivers of crime and anti-social behaviour are often multiple and complex, cutting across a range of different agencies and services.

Newham's Community Safety Partnership is responsible for identifying and setting out priorities through a Community Safety Partnership Plan. Each year the partnership produces a Strategic Assessment which identifies the latest available data and analysis to inform these priorities, and the Community Safety Partnership Plan presents how partners across the borough intend to work together to address the key issues facing the borough.

The plan is also informed by the views of local residents which are drawn from a range of consultation and engagement activities including local representative surveys and Newham's Citizen and Youth Assemblies.

### **Structure of the CSP**

The Partnership has an executive board which meets regularly to set the strategic direction and monitor progress or the partnership's priorities. There are also a number of sub-groups which co-ordinate and deliver activity on specific areas:

- Integrated Offender Management (reducing reoffending)
- Domestic and Sexual Violence
- Substance Misuse
- Youth offending board
- Prevent

Newham's Community Safety Partnership is one of a number of statutory partnerships operating across the borough. These include the Health and Wellbeing Board, Local Safeguarding Children Board and Adult Safeguarding Board. Issues impacting on community safety cut across these groups, including safeguarding and underlying social and health challenges that impact on the level of crime, such as substance misuse and poor mental health. The CSP will therefore work with these and other partnerships to ensure a joined up approach.

## 2) Summary of Newham's Strategic Assessment 2019

\*See appendix 1 for Newham Strategic Partnership Assessment Summary 2019.

## 3) Principles

The following principles will guide our strategic approach and run through this Plan:

1. A public health approach: Focus on early intervention and prevention, and the wider determinants of crime and community safety, including social inequalities, employment, skills, health, housing and environment.
2. Resident engagement: Work with the local community to understand local priorities and develop an approach that is responsive and effective in increasing feelings of safety.
3. Collaboration: Share data and intelligence and work across agencies to facilitate an efficient and effective approach and better targeted interventions.
4. Supporting victims: Ensure a focus on victims and strengthen local systems to support victims, reduce repeat victimisation, and recognise that perpetrators of violence can often be victims too.

## 4) Cross-cutting issues:

We are committed to a joined up approach that addresses the underlying issues that affect levels of crime and reoffending, and will reflect these cross-cutting issues in all our work. This includes:

- **Substance misuse**: We know that a significant proportion of crime is linked to substance misuse, from acquisitive crime to serious violent offending and gang crime linked to drug markets. This will be an important cross-cutting theme within all our priorities, and partners will seek to reduce substance misuse through health interventions and treatment; supporting repeat offenders out of substance misuse and addiction through targeted interventions; and disrupting drug markets through enforcement activity.
- **Mental Health**: A significant proportion of those in contact with the criminal justice system suffer from mental health problems, with people particularly at risk during and after contact with criminal justice system. Evidence suggests that 33 per cent of male and 51 per cent of female prisoners suffer from depression, compared to 9 per cent and 13 per cent in the general population. By identifying and addressing mental ill health at the earliest opportunity we can aim for the best outcomes for those people experiencing mental health issues and provide holistic support for people with complex and challenging needs.
- **Housing and homelessness**: Newham has some of the highest levels of homelessness in the country, while rough sleeping has been increasing year on year. This has a significant impact on the health of the individuals involved, while homelessness can also be linked to vulnerability and victimisation, as well as anti-social behaviour and substance misuse. The council is developing strategies to step-up the delivery of genuinely affordable homes, and to tackle homelessness with compassion and care. The CSP will also consider homelessness as a cross-cutting issue as part of a holistic approach to improving community safety.

- **Social integration:** A thriving, cohesive and well integrated community can help to reduce the risk of hate crime and the risk of extremism taking root. Newham is the most diverse borough in the country, where 90% of residents say people from different background get on well together. However, there is a role for the local authority and partners to continue to monitor and promote social integration, and provide an environment where people of all backgrounds come together regularly as one community. The CSP will have regard to the Mayor of London’s social integration strategy and Newham is in the process of developing its own social integration strategy. Partners will also need to consider social integration and community engagement cutting across the priorities in this plan.

## 5) Newham CSP Priorities 2019/20

The CSP priorities set out below have been developed with reference to the findings of the CSP’s strategic assessment, as well as the priorities set by the Mayor’s Office for Policing and Crime (MOPAC) through the Mayor’s Police and Crime Plan.

### 1. Youth safety:

Involving young people and the community to improve youth safety; tackling serious youth violence; reducing youth offending. Reducing youth offending. Reducing reoffending. Engagement in constructive activity and opportunity and improving life skills; youth to adult transitions – 18-24

### 2. Weapon based crimes and violence:

Knife and gun crime, use of corrosive substances, violence and gang activity, and other violent offences such as Robbery and non-domestic violence with injury.

### 3. Exploitation and vulnerability:

Violence against women and girls, child sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation and modern slavery, hate crime, extremism and radicalisation.

### 4. Reducing Reoffending:

Integrated offender management, victim perpetrator cycles, targeted approach to parole violations, rehabilitative support.

### 5. Anti-social behaviour:

Nuisance, rowdy or inconsiderate behaviour; vandalism, street drinking and related behaviour and environmental damage.

### 6. Targeting crime hotspots:

A joined-up approach to high-crime areas in the borough, and addressing priority ‘high volume’ crimes which have a greater impact on the community.

## **Priority 1 – Youth safety 18-24 years old**

### Why is this a priority?

Newham has one of the youngest populations in the country. We want Newham to be a safe place for our children to grow up in without having to fear or experience crime, and we want our children to flourish in a culture of respect. However, too many young people have experiences crime and violence, and do not feel safe. We will prioritise working with young people and the community and improve youth safety and address youth violence, and work with a newly established independent youth safety board bringing together experts, community members and young people.

Newham strategic assessment 2019 Findings: (all ranking is based on volume of crime).

- Newham positioned 6th for knife crimes when compared to all 32 London boroughs. During 2018 there were 71 knife crime victims aged 1-24, a 43% decrease when compared to 2017 figures (London showed a 16% decrease)

<b>Areas of focus</b>	<b>What are we aiming for?</b>	<b>What will we do?</b>	<b>Key indicators/Measures</b>
Keeping children and young people safe	Improve safety and feeling of safety of young people	Establish a Youth Safety Board made up of independent experts. Consult with communities and young people to develop a Youth Safety Action Plan.	Fear of crime, feelings of safety and trust in the police  Serious Youth Violence Victims
Participation and Engagement	Voice of the child Voice of the parent/carer Involving young people and the community to improve youth safety	Listen to Young people – citizen youth assemblies are conducted borough wide to get the views of young people in Newham	Feedback from citizen youth assemblies
Tackling serious youth violence	Reduced incidents of youth violence	Targeting suspects who offend against young people  Educating young people about ‘knife carrying’	Number of incidents of serious youth violence  Victim age in knife fatalities and knife related hospital admissions

Reducing youth offending	Reduction in first time entrants to the criminal justice system	Continue working in partnership with the Local Safeguarding Children Board to reduce the crimes that cause the most harm to children and young people	Number of First Time Entrants to the criminal justice system
Reducing reoffending in young people and adults	Reduction in youth reoffending rates	Work together to ensure swift engagement and diversion away from offending	Youth reoffending rates
Tackling County Lines	To prevent young people being groomed into drug dealing  Identify and arrest perpetrators  Reduce victims of grooming/county lines activity.	Work together across the partnership to identify young people at the earliest stage to prevent grooming and exploitation	Number of engagements with victims of criminal exploitation.  Number of arrests - Perpetrators
Education, Training and Employment	Keeping young people engaged in constructive activity and opportunity and improving life skills in education	Partnership working to keep young people in education  LFB will continue to provide Fire cadets and LiFE course intervention courses in the borough, and will seek to gain funding for these youth engagement activities.	Numbers accessing/completing LiFE courses
Youth to adult transitions – 18-24	To support vulnerable people through this difficult transitional period	Partnership working to provide support networks and training to those who need it	Reduction in offending rates of those aged 18-25

## **Priority 2 – Weapon based crime and Violence**

### Why is this a priority?

Violent crime has a significant impact on the lives of victims and their families, and levels of violent crime in Newham remain too high. The CSP will address violent and weapon-based crime as a priority, and will target a sustained reduction in priority offences such as robbery and violence with injury.

Newham Strategic assessment 2019 Findings: (Jan – Dec 2018 MOPAC) (all ranking is based on volume of crime).

- Newham positioned 6th for knife crimes when compared to all 32 London boroughs. Newham featured 4th across all 32 London boroughs for gun crime.
- Newham featured 1st out of 32 London boroughs for acid attacks.
- Newham being the 3rd highest borough across London for assault related LAS calls.
- Newham is 6<sup>th</sup> highest in London for non-domestic abuse violence with injury offences, although there was a 5% reduction in 2018/19 compared to the previous year
- Newham is 3<sup>rd</sup> highest in London for Robbery of personal property, but has seen a 12% reduction in 2018/19 compared to the previous year.

<b>Areas of focus</b>	<b>What are we aiming for?</b>	<b>What will we do?</b>	<b>Key indicators/Measures</b>
Knife and gun crime	Reduce the number of victims of weapon based crime	Monitor delivery of the borough's knife crime action plan.	Incidents of knife crime
Violence with injury	Sustained reduction in violence with injury offences		Incidents of gun-crime offences
			Violence with injury offences
Use of corrosive substances	Increase number of retailers participating in scheme to restrict sales of corrosive substances/knives to under 25's.	Outreach work with local retailers to inform them of future changes in legislation	Incidents of attacks using corrosive substances



Robbery	Sustained reduction in robbery offences	To maintain focus on enforcement supported by partnership working to address the drivers, i.e. environmental factors.	Robbery offences
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**Priority 3 - Exploitation and vulnerability**

Why is this a priority?

Newham has a zero tolerance approach to any form of gender based violence and exploitation of vulnerable children and adults. We will identify, arrest and bring perpetrators of all crimes linked to exploitation and vulnerability to justice. In line with the priorities set out in MOPAC’s police and crime plan, tackling ‘high harm’ crime and exploitation is a key priority for Newham. We are also proud of our diversity, and intolerance, prejudice and hate crime of any form has no place in our community.

Newham strategic assessment 2019 Findings: (all ranking is based on volume of crime).

- Newham featured 2nd across the 32 London boroughs for domestic abuse incidents reported to the police in 2018.
- Newham is 4th highest compared to the other 32 London boroughs for sexual violence offences.
- Newham ranked 9th in London overall for hate crime.
- Between, 2017 – 2018 Newham saw an increase in Anti-Semitic, Disability, Transgender, Sexual Orientation and Racist hate crime. For example transgender increased 167% from 2017 -18.

Areas of focus	What are we aiming for?	What will we do to achieve this?	Key indicators

<p>Violence against women and girls</p>	<p>Services that support victims of DSV to empower and enable achievement of successful outcomes for themselves and their children across employment, education, social development and independent living. Support would also reduce the risk of a return to the perpetrator and reduces repeat victimisation</p>	<p>Training and raising awareness of staff to identify signs of domestic abuse and sexual violence.</p> <p>Promote awareness of newly commissioned community based domestic abuse and sexual violence support services and its work with all partner agencies and residents of Newham.</p> <p>Newham’s community services will work on a co-location basis, with partner agencies, to identify and support victims of DSV. Partner agencies will include the Metropolitan Police, Multi agency safeguarding hub, Maternity and health services and court services.</p> <p>Manage high risk victims from start of engagement with services to completion to help reduce victimisation</p>	<p>Reporting of domestic violence to the police*</p> <p>Repeat victimisation</p> <p>Number of DSV cases progressing to conviction</p> <p>Sanction Detection Rate</p> <p>Conviction Rate</p> <p>Repeat offenders</p> <p>CSEW Self reports</p>
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Child Sexual Exploitation; criminal exploitation and modern slavery	<p>Improve awareness and response to modern slavery, child exploitation and other forms of exploitation across agencies</p> <p>Increased access to support and protection for victims of abuse, violence and exploitation</p>	<p>Raise awareness of risks of missing children to encourage early reporting</p>	<p>Number of referrals to support agencies.</p> <p>Suspects arrested for these offences</p> <p>Monitor timeliness of missing reports.</p>
Hate crime	<p>Increase community cohesion.</p>	<p>Monitor Hate Crime levels, and work with partners to increase confidence in the community to report.</p> <p>Adopt agreed protocol in response to potential 'trigger' events</p>	<p>Number of incidents of hate reported to Police</p> <p>Hate crime convictions?</p>
Extremism and radicalisation	<p>To work with a wide range of statutory partners and third sectors organisations in order to build resilience to radicalisation and raise awareness of early intervention processes.</p>	<p>Continue with the outreach programme, commission civil society organisations to deliver local projects and train more frontline staff in the Prevent duty.</p> <p>Increase early intervention activity in relation to extremism and radicalism</p>	<p>Number of Prevent training, engagement and workshop sessions delivered per quarter.</p> <p>Progress on externally commissioned projects.</p> <p>Channel referral data.</p>

**\* Reporting of domestic violence to the police is about people's confidence to report and Police taking reports seriously, rather than being an indicator of DSV incidence in the borough.**

**Priority 4 – Reducing reoffending**

Why is this a priority?

<p>It is estimated that approximately half of all crime committed is perpetrated by those who have already been through the criminal justice system. Reducing reoffending, and adopting a partnership approach, is therefore essential to reducing crime and increasing community safety overall.</p> <p><b>Areas of focus</b></p>	<p><b>What are we aiming for?</b></p>	<p><b>What will we do to achieve this?</b></p>	<p><b>Key indicators/Measures</b></p>
<p>Integrated offender management</p>	<p>Work in partnership with enforcement and support services to reduce the reoffending rate of the most prolific offenders in the borough through a multiagency approach.</p>	<p>Promote Early intervention initiatives</p>	<p>Numbers of IOM offenders with successful progress</p> <p>Reduction in First Time Entrants</p> <p>Reducing the re-offending rate of the cohort</p>
<p>Rehabilitative support for offenders (out of substance misuse)**</p>	<p>Increase take up of services that support rehabilitation</p>	<p>Increase access to support services including health, education and treatment services</p>	<p>The number and percentage of people successfully completing alcohol treatment requirement</p> <p>The number and percentage of people successfully completing drug treatment</p> <p>Number of Drug Rehabilitation Requirement Community Service Orders</p>

	Increase completion rates of support programmes	Provide diversionary activities  Increase cross-border work for management of offenders across boundaries	Numbers successfully completing licenses.  Numbers successfully completing sentences.  Numbers successfully completing community orders.  Employment status at end of sentence/intervention or treatment period  Accommodation at end of sentence/intervention or treatment period
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**\*\* Without supporting data, we cannot claim that treatment completion can be equated with reduced offending.**

### **Priority 5 – Anti-social behaviour**

#### Why is this a priority?

Anti-social behaviour is a concern for residents, and can have a significant impact on residents' quality of life and the local environment. Residents in the borough frequently raise concern about the impact of anti-social behaviour on their health and wellbeing and feelings of safety, and in the latest Newham Survey 2018, residents who reported ASB in the last 12 months were significantly less likely to feel safe in their local area. Addressing ASB is therefore an important priority for the CSB, and can have a significant impact on wider feelings of safety among residents. We will also work with partners such as the London Fire Brigade to monitor and tackle arson offences.

#### Newham Strategic Assessment 2019 Findings: (all ranking is based on volume of crime)

- Newham ranked 10th out of 32 London boroughs for ASB calls to the police.
- The top 5 ASB issues in Newham (below) were based on reports to the Council and not the police:
  - drug misuse/dealing,
  - neighbour nuisance,
  - street drinking,
  - Rough sleeping
  - Rowdy/inconsiderate behaviour

<b>Areas of focus</b>	<b>What are we aiming for?</b>	<b>What will we do to achieve this?</b>	<b>Key indicators/measures</b>
Street drinking and related behaviour	Reduction in street drinking and related behaviour	Promote joint working between enforcement and treatment outreach services to engage this cohort of street drinkers to reduce drinking.	Number of Street-drinking related ASB incidents  Number of Alcohol Treatment Requirements (ATRS) (proposed/completed)
Nuisance, rowdy or inconsiderate behaviour	Reduction in incidents of anti-social behaviour  Increased feelings of safety	Promote and increase take up of mediation solutions  Improve support for victims of ASB	Reports of ASB
Environmental damage, including vandalism, graffiti, fly-posting	Reduction in Environmental damage	In February 2019, LBN reintroduced the council's free bulky waste collection service.	Reports of vandalism Reports of fly posting Reports of graffiti
Arson and criminal damage	Reduction in arson and its impact	LFB will work with strategic partners to reduce arson and its impact  LFB will identify and target arson hotspots in Newham for joint reduction activities by the CSP  Through joint partnership working LFB will engage with communities and youth to educate on the dangers of arson  LFB will educate our partners (MPS SNTs, Housing providers, social workers) on identification and dangers of arson.	Numbers of incidents recorded by London Fire Brigade

## Priority 6 – Targeting crime hot-spots

### Why is this a priority?

Newham was the second highest borough in London for Total Notifiable Offences in 2018, and saw an increase by 4% compared to the previous year. Crime levels are driven in particular around specific hotspots – for example Stratford and New Town ward accounted for 21% of all offences in the borough. This highlights the continued importance of driving down higher volume and acquisitive crime in the borough, as well as an area-based focus to reducing crime in key hot-spots.

We will monitor emerging crime trends in partnership with MOPAC to ensure that we are responding effectively to growing crime issues, targeting the right areas, and addressing emerging crime trends and rising issues.

### Newham Strategic assessment 2019 findings:

- Stratford and New Town ward accounted for 21% of all total notifiable offences in Newham in 2018.
- Stratford and New Town also represented a high proportion of priority of offences such as Assault, drug overdose, knife crime, sexual violence and domestic abuse incidents.
- Theft from motor vehicle and theft from shops were high reported volume crimes to the police
- Theft from Person was the crime type that was estimated to be reported the most had every incident been actually reported.

Areas of focus	What are we aiming for?	What will we do?	Key indicators/Measures
Targeting crime hot spots	Reduction in crime and increased feelings of safety in identified 'hot spot' areas.	Establish a new partnership group, reporting to the CSP, to take a joined up approach to reducing crime in key hot-spots	Total notifiable offences in identified hot-spot areas.
Theft from person	Reduction in theft from person offences		Theft from person offenses in hot spot area
Theft from motor vehicle	Reduction in theft form motor vehicles		Theft from motor vehicles in hot spot area

## Appendix 1 - Newham Strategic Partnership Assessment Summary 2019.

### Findings – Strategic Assessment – February 2019

#### Metropolitan Police Service (October 2017 – September 2018)

- ✚ Other Theft and Common Assault were the most reported crimes to the police.
- ✚ Assault with Injury cost the most across various agencies, based on reported offence to the police.
- ✚ Theft from Person was the crime type that was estimated to be reported the most had every incident been actually reported.
- ✚ Personal Robbery was the crime type that was estimated to cost the most had every incident been reported.

#### London Ambulance Service (October 2017 – September 2018)

##### Assault Related

- ✚ 67% of assault related calls were made by males.
- ✚ 21-30 year olds accounted for 30% of calls.
- ✚ Friday, Saturday and Sunday accounted for 49% of calls.
- ✚ The hours between 12pm to 11pm saw 66% of assault related calls made to the LAS.
- ✚ Peaks occurred between Midnight to 1am and 7pm to 11pm.
- ✚ Hotspots were identified to be near the Stratford Centre and a residential area north of the Green Street West ward.
- ✚ Newham positioned 3<sup>rd</sup> when compared across all 32 London boroughs for assault related LAS calls.

##### Alcohol Related

- ✚ 76% of alcohol related calls were made by males.
- ✚ 31-40 year olds accounted for 25% of alcohol LAS calls.
- ✚ 50% of alcohol LAS calls were made on Friday, Saturday and Sunday.
- ✚ 64% of calls were made between 12pm and 11pm.
- ✚ There are evident peaks from midnight to 1am and 6pm to 11pm.
- ✚ Main hotspot is around the Stratford Centre and Westfield area.
- ✚ When compared to other 32 London boroughs, Newham featured 7<sup>th</sup>.



## **Drug Overdose**

- ✚ There were no evident differences between males and females for drug overdose related LAS calls.
- ✚ 21-30 year olds accounted for 34% of drug overdose calls
- ✚ 71% of drug overdose calls were 'intentional overdose'.
- ✚ 64% of calls were made between 12pm and 11pm.
- ✚ The peak times were midnight to 1am and various peaks throughout the afternoon/evening.
- ✚ Two main hotspots for drug overdose related incidents were apparent around the Stratford Centre near Westfield Shopping centre and in the north of the Green Street West ward, which appears to be residential.
- ✚ Newham featured 10<sup>th</sup> in comparison to other 32 London boroughs for drug overdose related LAS calls.

## **Accident and Emergency (August 2017 – July 2018)**

- ✚ 67% of A&E assault admissions were bodily sourced.
- ✚ 53% of assault victims attended the A&E on Friday, Saturday and Sunday.
- ✚ The hours between noon and 11pm saw 66% of assault victims attend A&E.
- ✚ Peaks were evident at 8am and midnight, in addition to 8pm and 10-11pm.

## **British Transport Police (October 2017 – September 2018)**

- ✚ Violence was reported the most in Newham with results showing that 39% of BTP incidents were violence related.
- ✚ Theft was the second highest reported incident to BTP accounting for 26% of reported incidents.
- ✚ Analysis showed that 51% of BTP incidents were report in stations, with further analysis highlighting that Stratford station compensated for 49% of incidents.
- ✚ Incidents evidently increased during peak travelling times, 7am-9am and 5pm-7pm.
- ✚ Newham positioned 4<sup>th</sup> when compared to all 32 London boroughs for BTP reported incidents.

## **Transport for London (April 2017 – March 2018)**

- ✚ Disturbance on the TfL network was the most reported in Newham with 53% of incidents.

- ✚ Temporal analysis highlighted a continual sequence of reports between 3pm and 11pm. A further peak was evident between midnight and 1am.
- ✚ The most concerning areas/stations were East Ham, Manor Park and Stratford.
- ✚ When compared to the other 32 London boroughs, Newham featured 8<sup>th</sup>.

#### **London Fire Brigade (October 2017 – September 2018)**

- ✚ 34% of incidents reported to the LFB were in relation to a 'special service' this means it was anything but a fire (e.g. a hazardous material). Only 13% were in relation to a primary fire.
- ✚ 48% of LFB incidents were in relation to a dwelling.
- ✚ The hours between noon and 11pm saw 65% of incident reported to the LFB
- ✚ The Beckton ward area was the main hotspot, this area includes an industrial area, factories and gas tanks.
- ✚ Newham positioned 14<sup>th</sup> when compared to other 32 London boroughs.

#### **MOPAC (January 2018 – December 2018)**

##### **Knife Crime**

- ✚ The Stratford and New Town Ward was the most problematic ward for knife crime offences, accounting for 15% of incidents.
- ✚ Although there was a 20% decrease from 2017 to 2018 for knife crime offences, Newham positioned 6<sup>th</sup> in 2018 when compared to all 32 London boroughs.

##### **Gun Crime**

- ✚ Canning Town South was the most concerning ward for gun crimes producing 14% of reported incidents.
- ✚ There was a 14% decrease in gun in the borough from 2017 to 2018. However, Newham featured 4<sup>th</sup> across all 32 London boroughs in 2018 for gun crime offences.

##### **Acid Attacks**

- ✚ West Ham was the most problematic ward for acid attacks in 2018. This ward compensated for 24% of incidents.
- ✚ When comparing 2017 figures to 2018, there was a 74% decrease in acid attacks in Newham. However the borough featured 1<sup>st</sup> out of 32 London boroughs for acid attacks in 2018.

##### **Domestic Abuse**

- ✚ Stratford and New Town was the main ward of concern for domestic abuse incidents (10%).
- ✚ In 2018 there was an 11% increase, from 2017, in the number of domestic abuse incidents with Newham featuring 2<sup>nd</sup> across the 32 London boroughs.

## **Sexual Violence**

- ✚ The Stratford and New Town ward accounted for 17% of reported incidents.
- ✚ In 2018 Newham saw an 8% increase in the number of sexual violence incidents with the borough also placed 4<sup>th</sup> when compared to the other 32 London boroughs.

## **Hate Crime**

- ✚ Racist hate crime was the most reported in Newham in 2018.
- ✚ Compared to 2017, Newham has seen an increase in; Anti-Semitic, Disability, Transgender, Sexual Orientation and Racist hate crime in 2018.